



酷专家 Bri※pert

酷砖家系列是字星设立的全新子品牌/系列,本系列所有套装均由国内外顶级设计师操刀设计或授权,旨在为消费者带来高水准的积木设计套装和与众不同的拼搭体验。

BriXpert series is a new sub-brand/series set up by Mould King. Models of this series are all designed or authorized by top designers/MOCers around the world, aiming at bringing consumers with high-level brick sets and a unique building experience.

广东宇星科技 織信扫推二维码,关注公众号。 表现第一手的新品资讯,享受 使捷的补件服务。





五虎上将,出自于《三国演义》,是指汉末三国时期,跟随刘备建立蜀汉政权的五位将军,分别为关羽、张飞、赵云、马超、黄忠。陈寿最早作《三国志》时,将五人并列合为一传,但还并未提出五虎上将的概念,而后经过漫长的历史演变,这五人被塑造成五虎将,并在文学作品、历史书籍、个人作品集都有不同程度的记录,在民间更是以艺术的形式被广为流传。随着时代的发展,五人的人物顺序也出现各种版本的改变。清乾隆皇帝主持修订的《四库全书》也有将五虎将收录。

Five Tiger Generals, from "The Romance of the Three Kingdoms", refers to the five generals who followed Liu Bei to establish the Shuhan regime during the Three Kingdoms period at the end of Han Dynasty in Chinese history, namely Guan Yu, Zhang Fei, Zhao Yun, Ma Chao, and Huang Zhong. When Chen Shou first wrote "Three Kingdoms", he put five people side by side into one biography, but he didn't put forward the concept of five generals. After a long historical evolution, these five people were shaped into the Five Tigers, and they were recorded to varying degrees in literary works, history books, and personal collections, and they were widely circulated among the people in the form of art. With the development of the times, the order of the characters of the five people has also changed in various versions. The "Siku Quanshu" presided over by Emperor Qianlong of the Qing Dynasty also included the Five Tiger Generals.



马超,字孟起,扶风茂陵(今陕西省兴平市)人,三国时期蜀汉名将,汉伏波将军马援的后人,马腾的儿子,少年成名,曹操曾多次征召马超入京为官,但都被马超拒绝。而后马腾入京被封为卫尉,马超就统领了马腾的部队。刘备攻打刘璋时,马超投降刘备,与刘备军合围成都,汉中之战后联名上书尊刘备为汉中王。刘备进受汉中王后,封马超为五虎大将,马超是第四名五虎大将。蜀汉建立后,马超官至骠骑将军,领凉州牧,进封蒙乡侯。章武二年(222年),马超病逝,享年四十七岁,刘禅时期被追谥为威侯,后世亦称其为马威侯。曹操(三国时期魏国领袖)曾说:"马儿不死,吾无葬地也。"反映了马超的能力之强悍使曹操也十分畏惧。

Ma Chao, courtesy name Mengqi, was born in Fufeng Maoling (now Xingping City, Shaanxi Province, China), a famous general of the Shu Han Dynasty during the Three Kingdoms period in Chinese history, a descendant of General Fubo of the Han Dynasty, and the son of Ma Teng. Ma Chao became famous at a young age, and Cao Cao recruited him to be an official in Beiling many times, but he refused all of them. Then Ma Teng entered Beiling and was named a Welwel, and Ma Chao commanded Ma Teng's troops. When Liu Bei attacked Liu Zhang, Mai Chao surrendered to Liu Bel and cooperated with Liu Bel's army to besiege Chengdu. After the Battle of Hanzhong, he jointly wrote a letter honoring Liu Bei as King of Hanzhong. After Liu Beijin became the King of Hanzhong, he named Ma Chao the General of the Five Tigers, and Ma Chao was the fourth of the Five Tigers. After the founding of the Shu Han, Ma Chao became the general of Hushi, led Liangzhou as herdsman, and entered the feudal marguis of Yan. Township. In the second year of Zhangwu (222), Ma Chao died of illness at the age of 47. During Liu Chan's period, he was posthumously named Weihou, and later generations also called him Ma Welhou. Cao Cao (the leader of the Wel State during the Three Kingdoms period) once said: "Ma Chao will not die, and I will die without a burial place." It reflects that Ma Chao's power is so strong that Cao Cao is also very afraid.



威名远扬

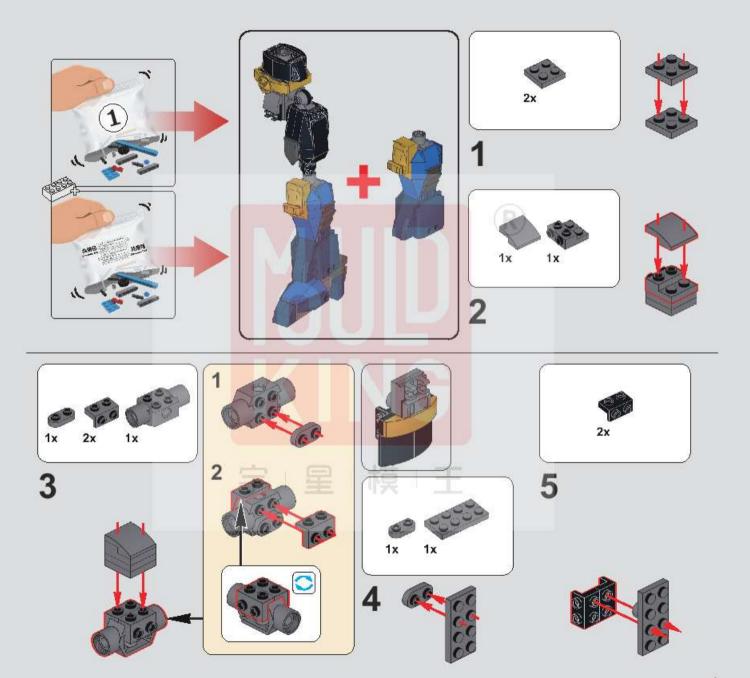
马超率军参与合图成都时,使得成都城内十分惶恐,加速了刘璋的投降。汉中之战时。马超与张飞屯下辩,氐族曾定七部有一万人马来响应马超,增加了刘备争夺汉中的军事力量。刘备称汉中王以后,当时双人妇女都会持兵器协防的地步,马超对羌人等游牧民族豪有威名,在镇慑威吓羌族这方面有极大贡献。马超去世后,马超庙祠于成都、汉中等地都建载录,正统道藏中马超被封为"马超元帅护羌神"。

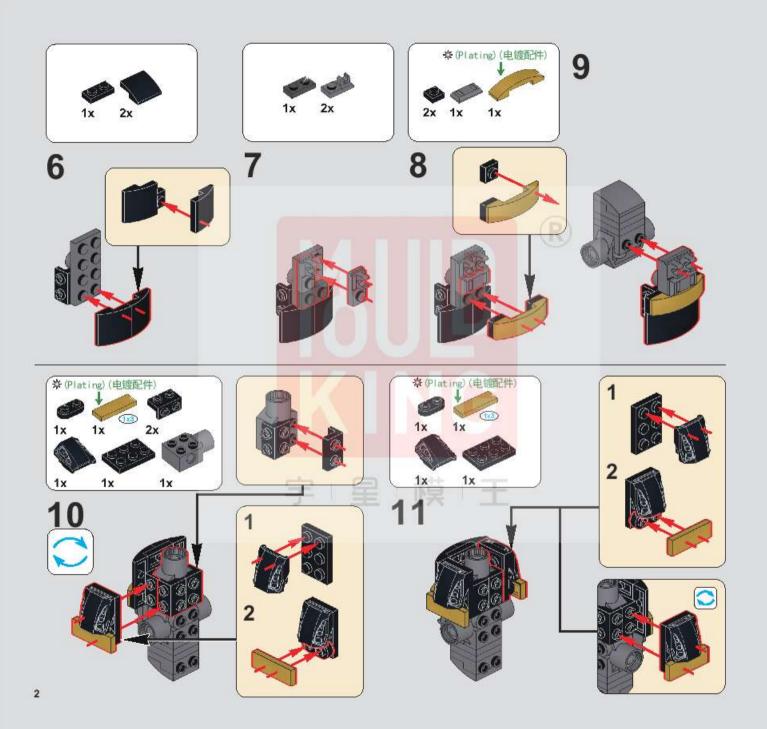
The mighty reputation is known to all When Ma Chao led the army to participate in the siege of Chengdu, it caused panic in Chengdu and accelerated Liu Zhang's surrender. During the Battle of Hanzhong, Ma Chao and Zhang Fei went to a remote area to start a debate in order to ask for military aid, and the Leiding Seventh Division of the Di clan had 10,000 horses to respond to Ma Chao, which increased Liu Bel's military strength in the fight for Hanzhong, After Liu Bei became the King of Hanzhong, the west of Shu was severely harassed by the Qiang people, even to the point where the local Han women would hold weapons to help defend. Ma Chao is famous for the Qiang people and other nomadic peoples, and has made great contributions to suppressing and intimidating the Qiang people.After Ma Chao's death, Ma Chao's temples were built and recorded in Chengdu, Hanzhong and other places, and Ma Chao was named "Marshal Ma Chao Protecting Qiang God" in orthodox Taolsm.

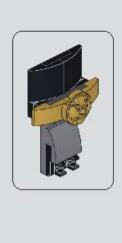


虎头湛金枪,枪身乃寒铁打造而成,长一丈一尺三,枪头为黑金虎头形,虎口吞刃,枪体镀金,乃铂金铸就,锋锐无比,砍刺剁劈,不怕火炼,百炼精铁——出自《张国良苏州评话》。传言这是三国武将,威震天下的五虎上将之一,马超的掌中宝枪。

The tiger-headed gold gun, the gun body is made of cold iron, 4.3 meters long, the gun head is in the shape of a black gold tiger head, the tiger's mouth swallows the blade, and the gun body is gold-plated. It is made of platinum, extremely sharp, and it is not afraid of fire, need to go through a lot of tempering. This evaluation comes from "Zhang Guoliang Suzhou Commentary". It is rumored that this is the weapon in the palm of Ma Chao, one of the five famous generals of the Three Kingdoms in Chinese history.



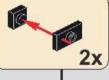


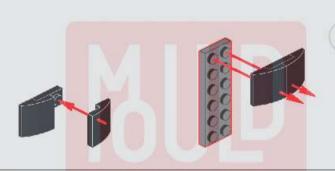


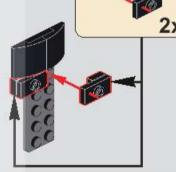










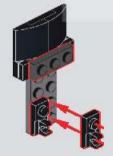


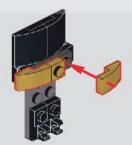


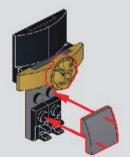


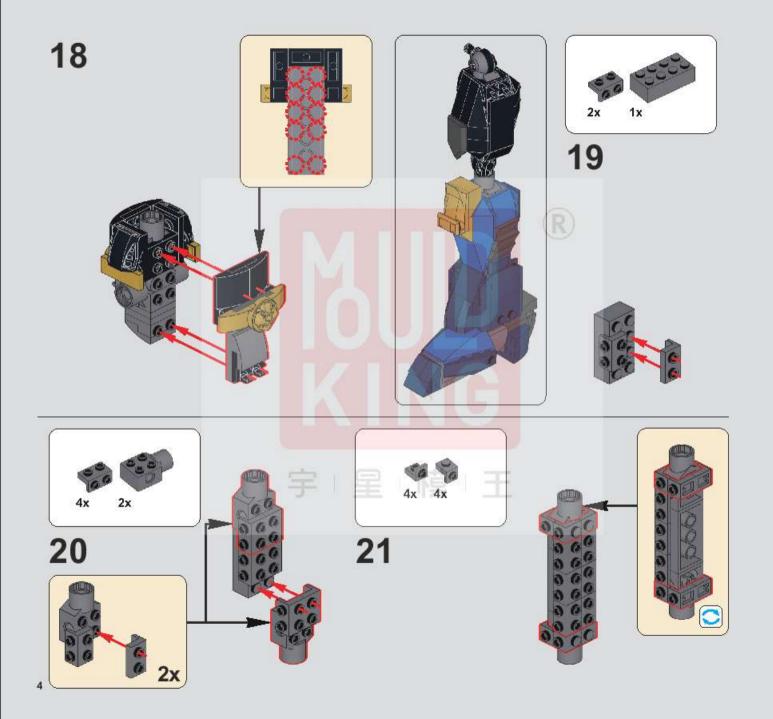


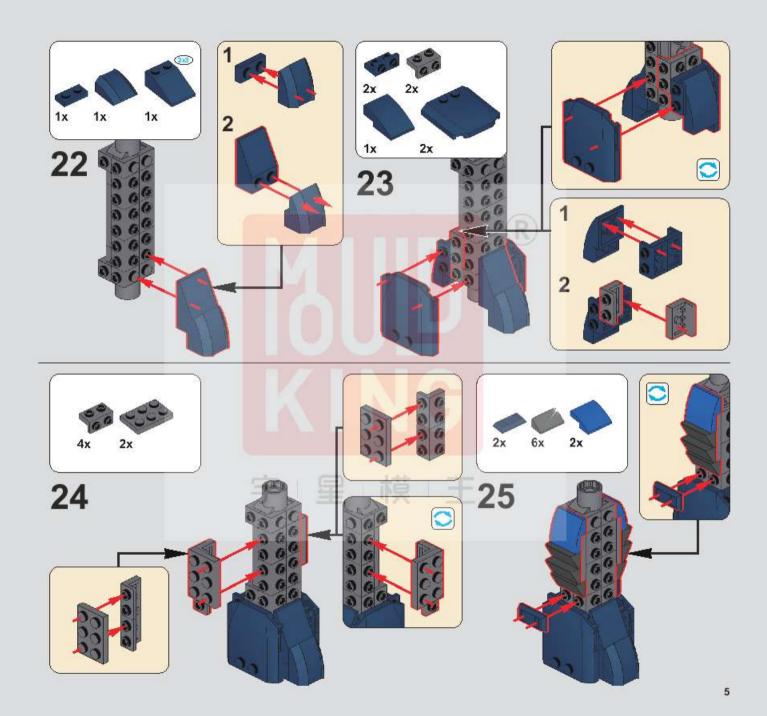
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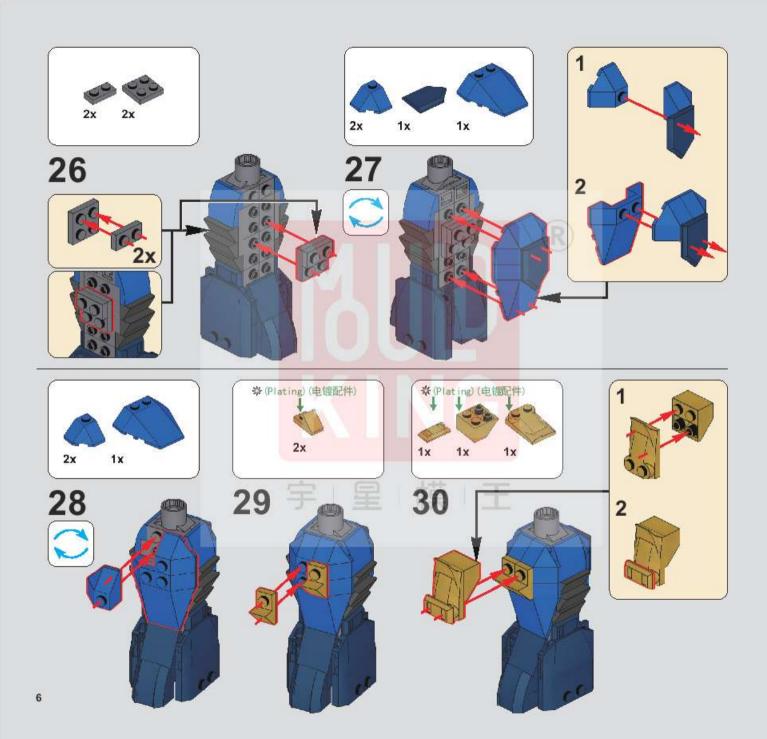


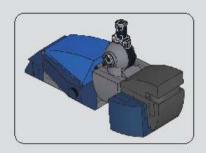


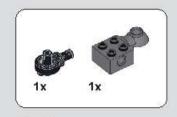


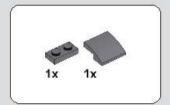


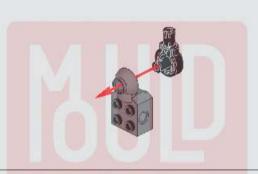


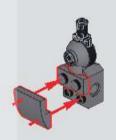




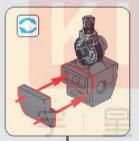


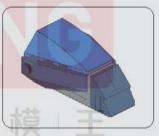


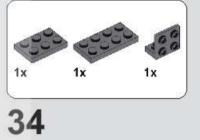


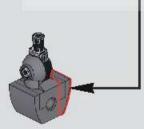


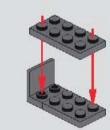






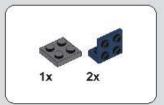




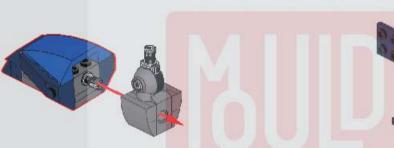
















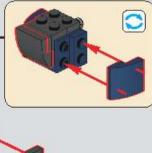


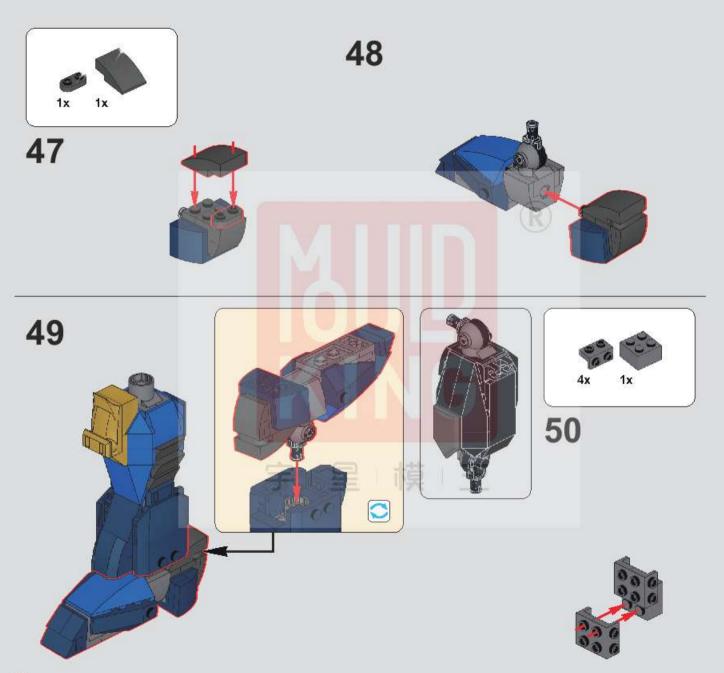


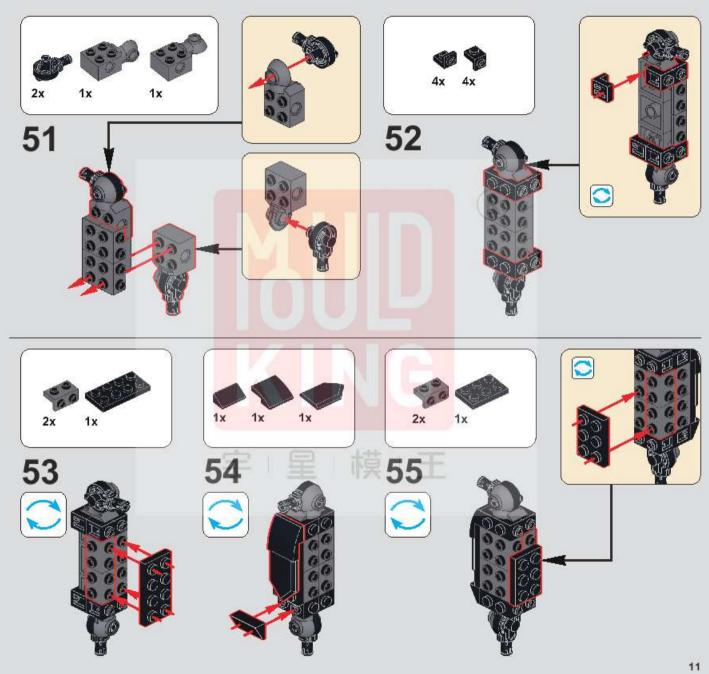


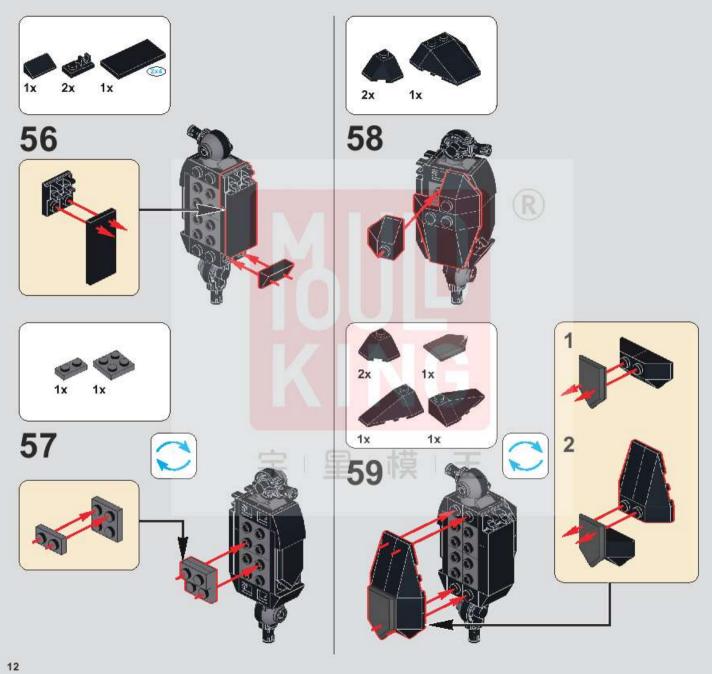




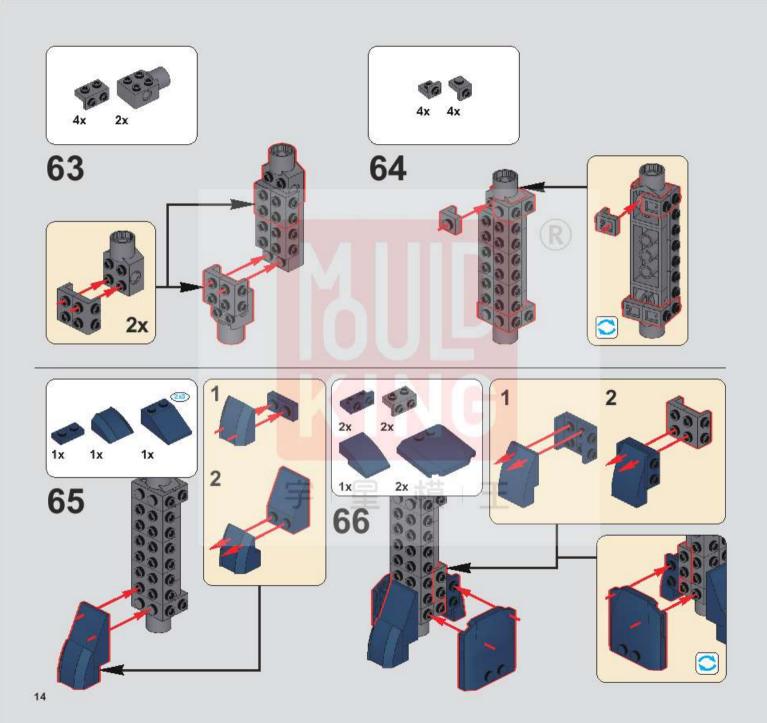


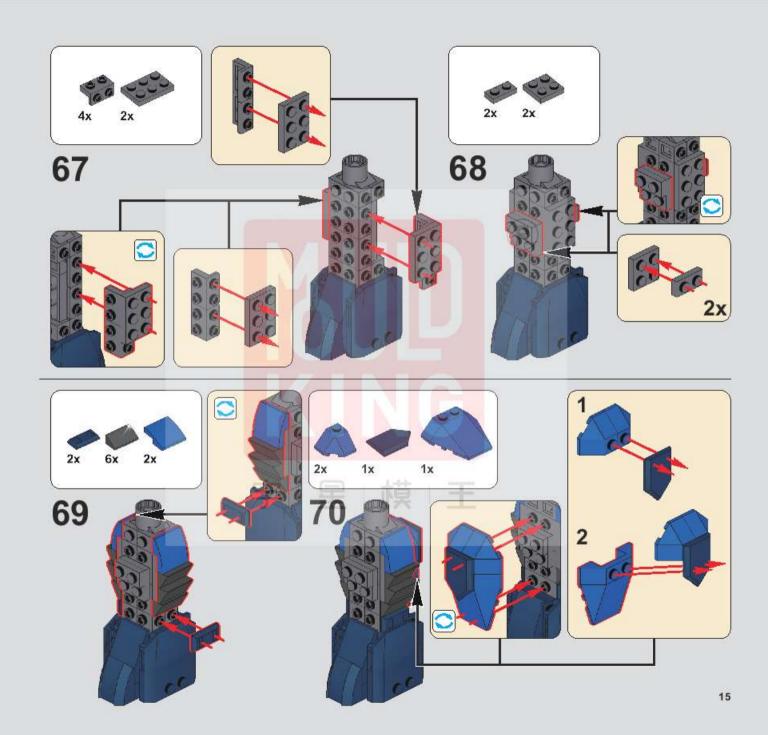


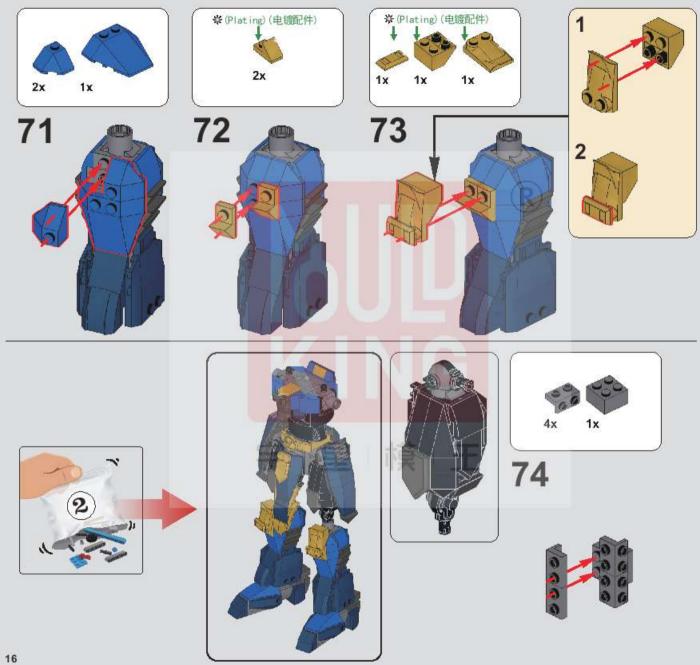


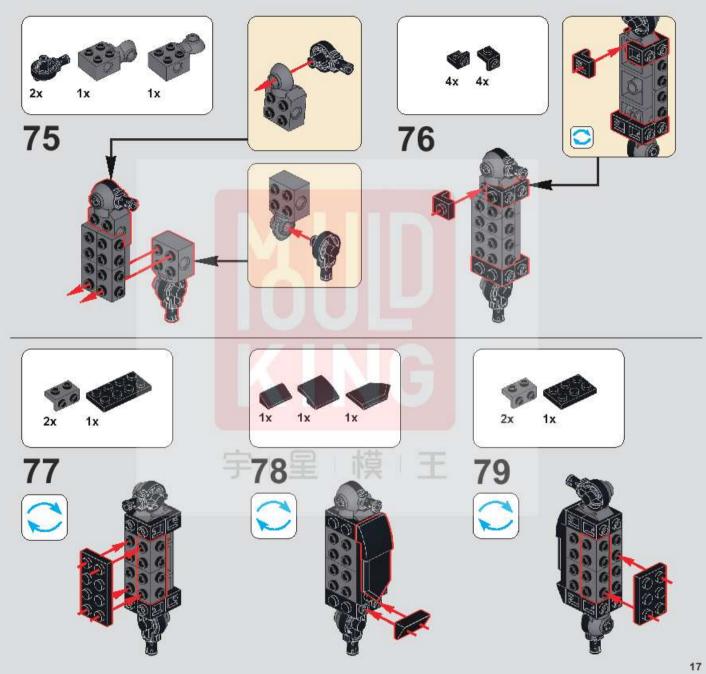


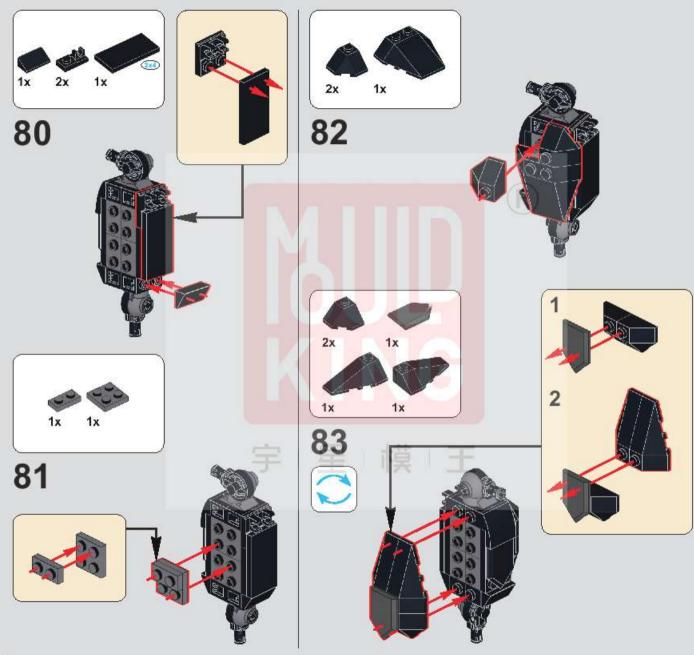




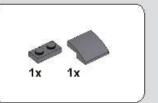




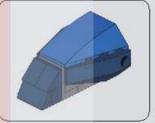


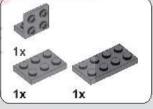


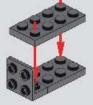






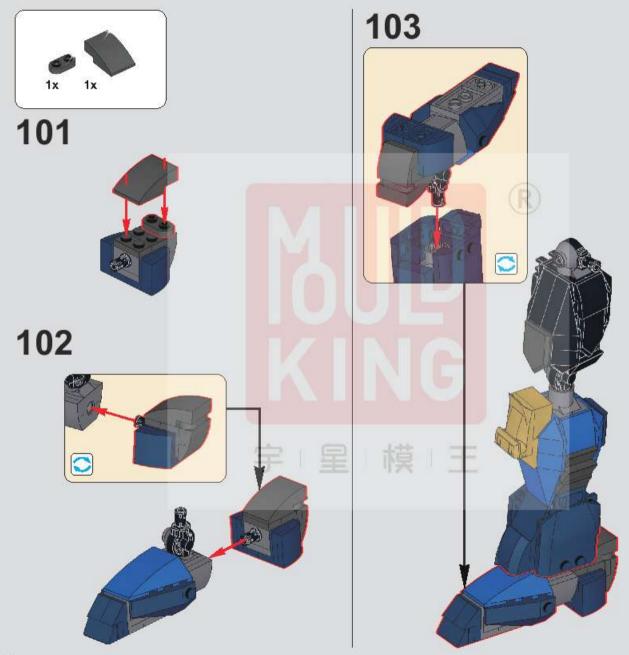




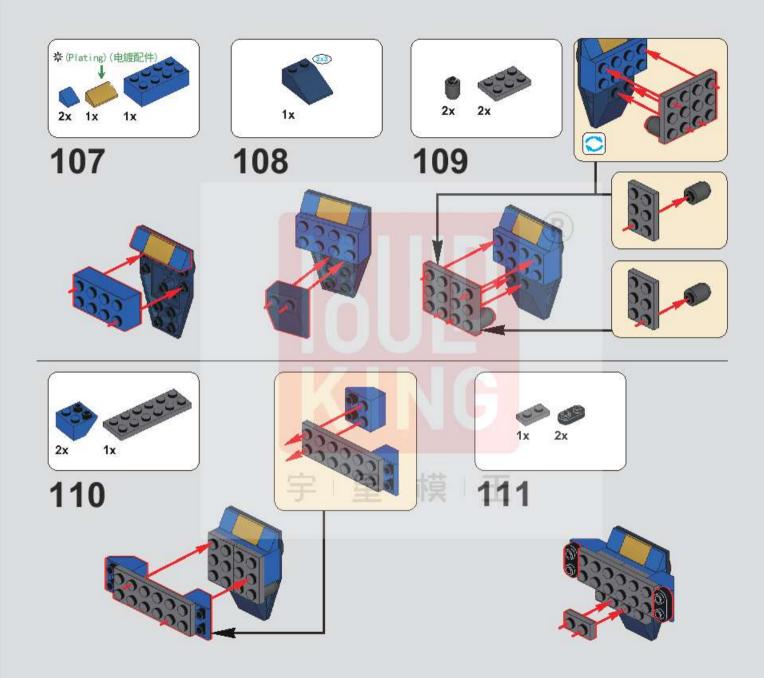


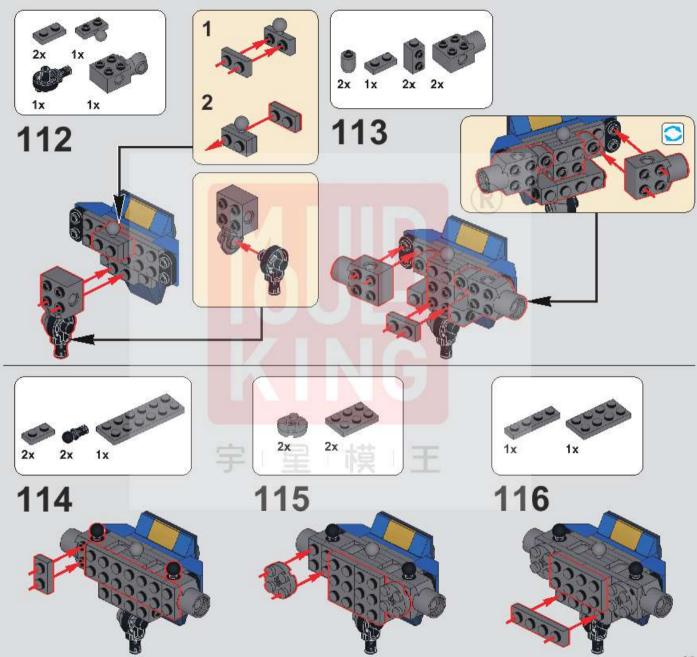


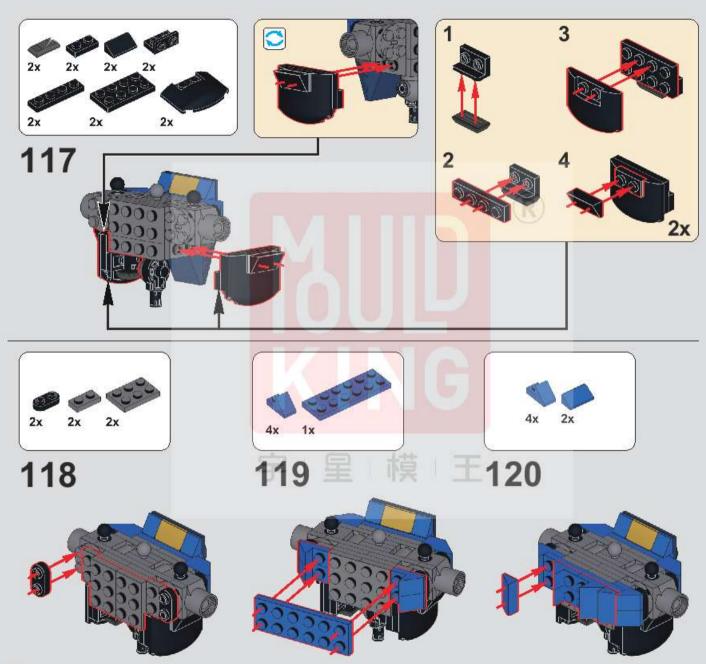




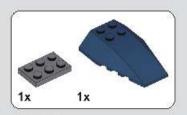
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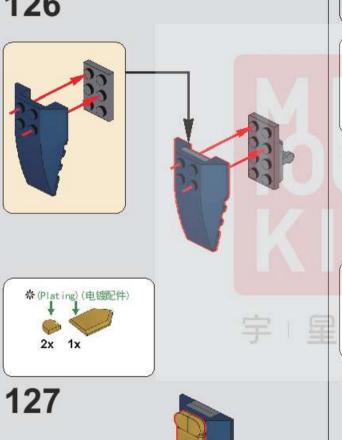


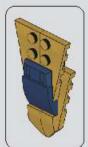


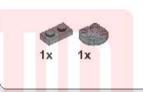




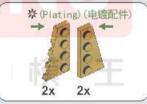


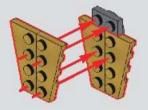


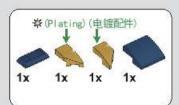


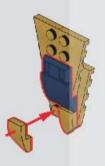


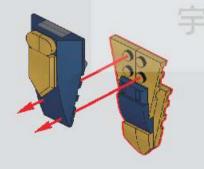




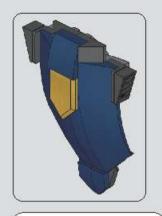




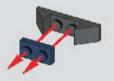




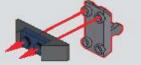








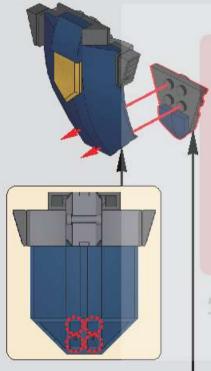


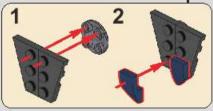


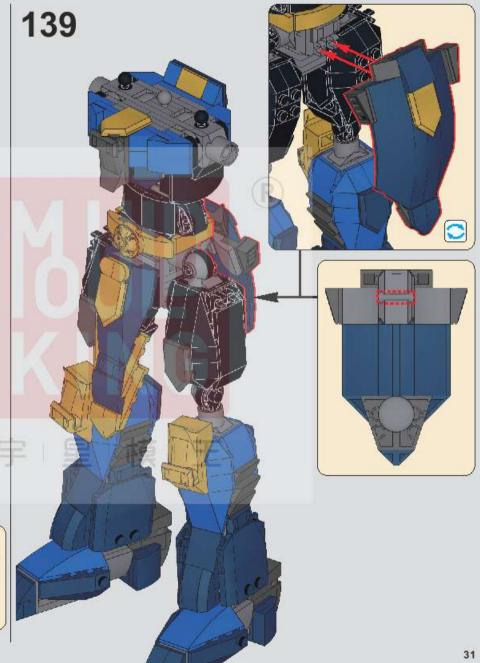


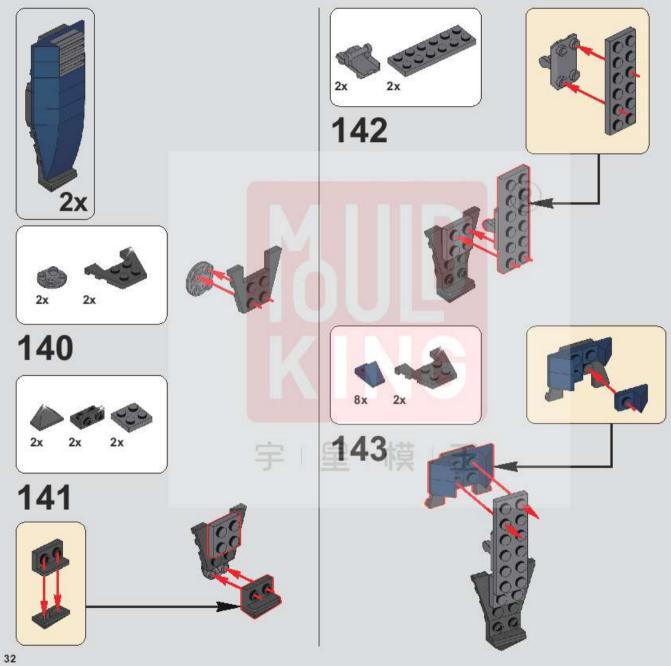




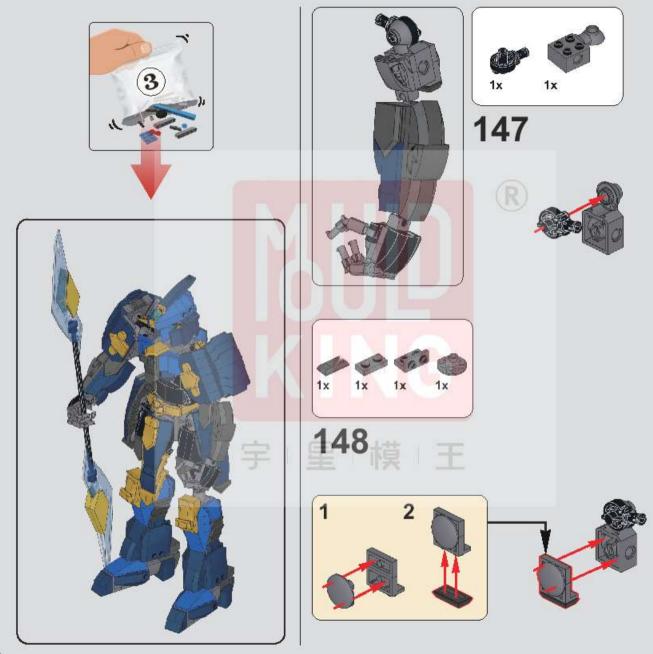






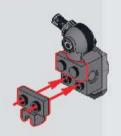




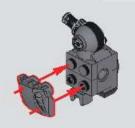


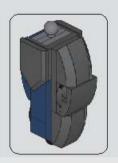


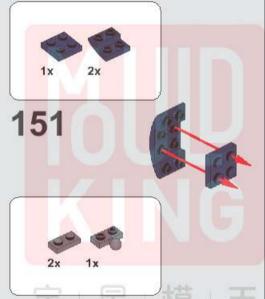




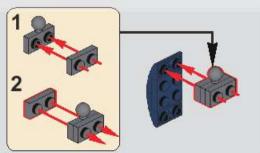


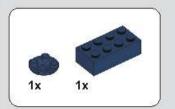


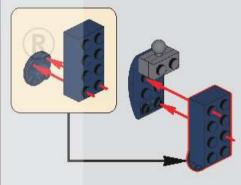




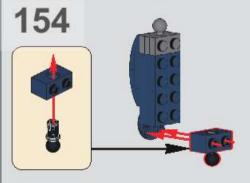






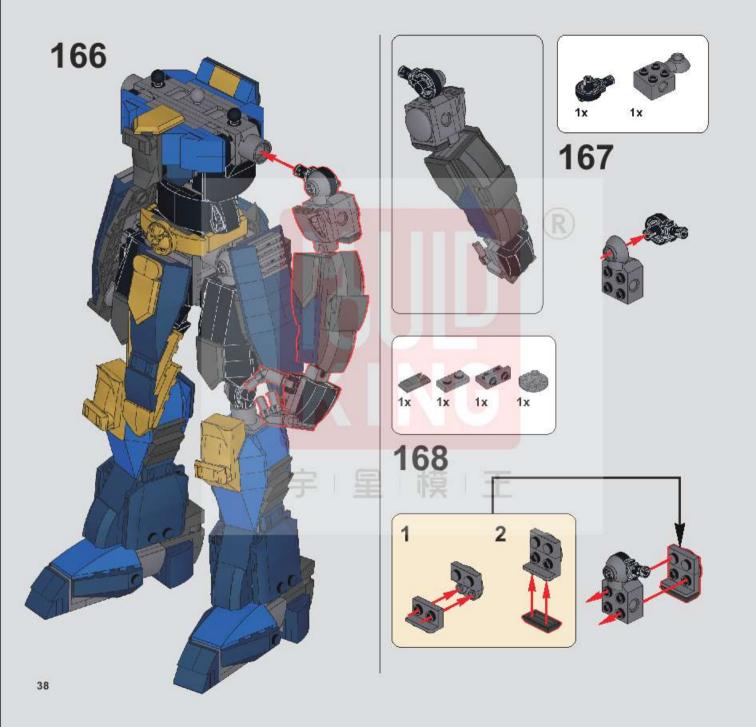




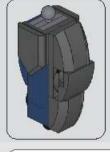






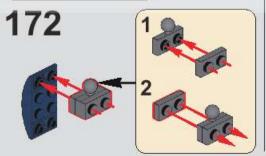


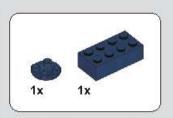


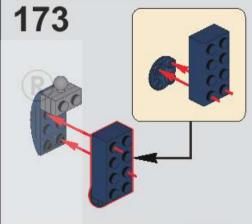




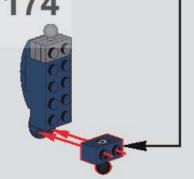


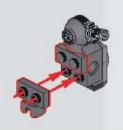




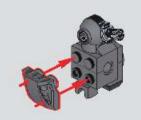




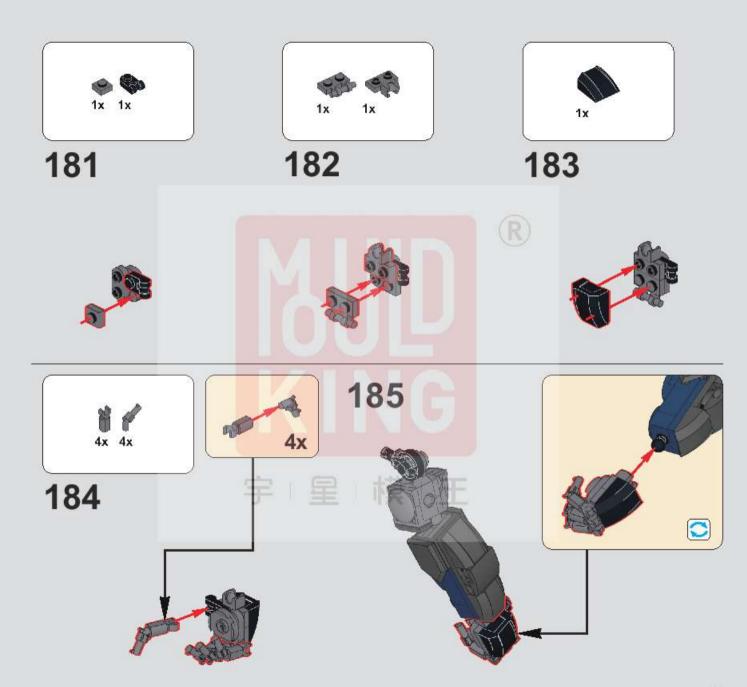














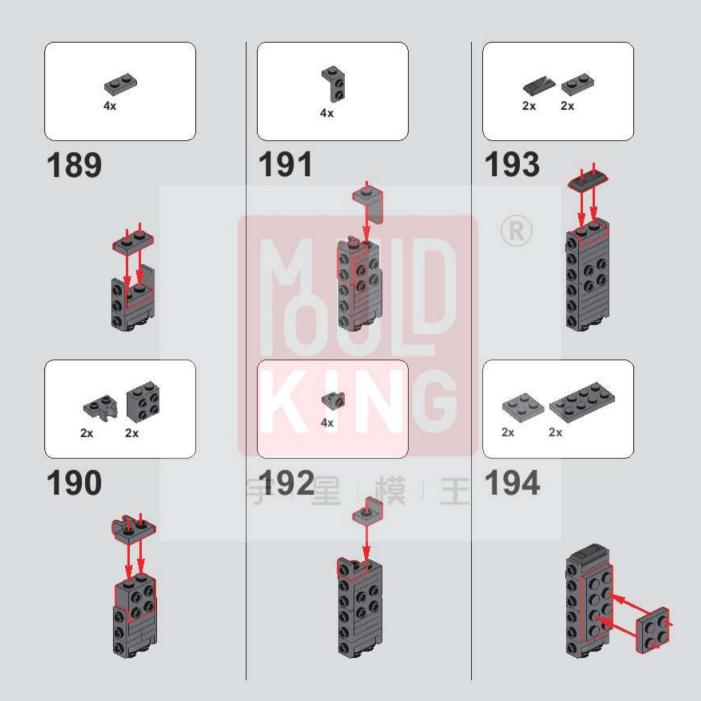
















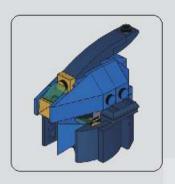




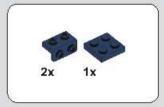


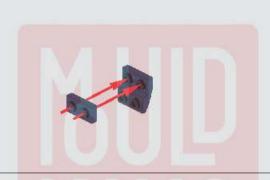
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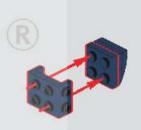




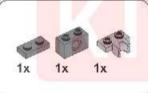














星 模 王 208

